# FT036A Professional WiFi Weather Station

# User Manual


1. Introduction....3
2. Warnings and Cautions....3
3. Getting Started....3
   3.1 Parts List....3
   3.2 Recommend Tools....5
   3.3 Sensor Assembly Set Up....5
      3.3.1 Install Rain Gauge Debris Filter....6
      3.3.2 Insert batteries into the transmitter....6
   3.4 Display Console....8
      3.4.1 Layout of Display Console....8
      3.4.2 Setup the Display Console....9
      3.4.3 Connect Sensors with Display Console....10
   3.5 Sensor Operation Verification....11
   3.6 WiFi Setup Guide....11
4. Sensors Pre-Installation....11
   4.1 Test the Sensors Before Installation....11
   4.2 Site Survey Before Installation....12
   4.3 Best Practices for Wireless Communication....12
5. Final Installation of Sensors....13
   5.1 Northern Hemispheres(NOR)....13
   5.2 Southern Hemispheres (SOU)....15
6. Low Battery Icon....17
7. Display Console Operation....17
   7.1 Quick Display Mode....17
   7.2 Set (Program) Mode....18
   7.3 Sensor Search Mode....20
   7.4 Max/Min Viewing and Reset Mode....20
   7.5 Snooze Mode....21
   7.6 Backlight Mode....21

8. Alarm Mode.....22
8.1 Alarm Triggered.....22
8.2 View High/Low Alarms Value.....22
8.3 Setting the Alarms.....22
8.4 Alarm and Key Beeper ON/OFF.....24
9. Optional Calibration Mode.....24
9.1 Calibration of Temperature Mode.....25
9.2 Calibration of Humidity Mode.....25
9.3 Calibration of Sensors Mode.....26
10. Other Features of Display Console.....29
10.1 Weather Forecasting.....29
10.2 Weather Icons.....29
10.3 Rate of Change Icon.....30
10.4 Moon Phase.....30
10.5 Feels Like Temperature .....30
10.6 Pressure Threshold Setting.....30
10.7 Restore Factory Default.....31
11. Maintenance.....32
12. Trouble Shooting Guide.....35
13. Specifications.....36

# 1.Introduction

Thank you for your purchase of the FT036A Professional WIFI Wireless Weather Station. The following user guide provides step by step instructions for installation, operation and troubleshooting.

# 2.Warnings and Cautions

⚠**Warning:** Any metal object may attract a lightning strike, including your weather station mounting pole. Never install the weather station in a storm.

⚠**Warning:** Installing your weather station in a high location may result in injury or death. Perform as much of the initial check out and operation on the ground and inside a building or home. Only install the weather station on a clear, dry day.

# 3.Getting Started

The FT036A weather station consists of a display console, a sensor array with Integrated Outdoor Sensor, and mounting hardware.

## 3.1 Parts List

The weather station consists of the following parts (as referenced in Figure 1 ).

| QTY | Item | Image |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | **Display Console**<br>**Frame Dimensions** :<br>6.5X 5.32X 0.71inch<br>(165×135×18mm）<br>**LCD Dimensions:**<br>5.12 x 3.16inch(130×80mm) |  |

| QTY | Item | Image |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | (5-in-1) Design<br>Integrated Outdoor Transmitter<br>Dimensions (LxHxW):<br>330x120x270mm |  |
| 1 | Wind Cup<br>Dimensions:<br>146 x 146 x 46mm<br>(Optional) |  |
| 1 | Filter screen<br>Dimensions:<br>88 x 59 x 45mm |  |
| 4 | Washer(Metal gasket) |  |
| 4 | Pole Mounting U-bolt Nuts (M5) |  |
| 2 | U-Bolt (M5)<br>Dimensions: 2.4x2.4x0.2inch<br>(60x60x5mm) |  |
| 1 | L-shaped Stainless Steel base<br>Dimensions: 3x1.6x0.6inch<br>(75x40x15mm) |  |
| 1 | Wrench (M5)<br>Dimensions: 2.6x0.8x0.08inch<br>(65x20x2mm) |  |

| QTY | Item | Image |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Manual |  |
| 1 | Power Adapter |  |
| 1 | Stainless Steel Mounting Pole<br>Dimensions: Φ38 x 270mm<br>(Optional) |  |

**Figure 1**

## 3.2 Recommend Tools

- Precision screwdriver (for small Phillips screws)
- Compass or GPS (for wind direction calibration)
- Adjustable Wrench.

## 3.3 Sensor Assembly Set Up

**Note:** The outdoor sensor array must be powered and updating before powering up the console, or the console will stop scanning and connecting with the sensors.

The following illustration shows the full segment for Thermo-Hygrometer，WIND and RAIN sensor, purposes only ,as shown in Figure 2.

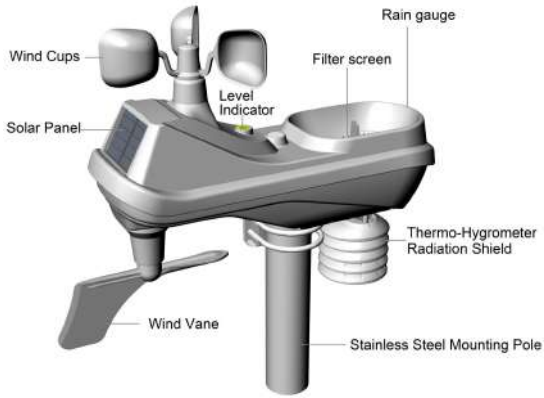



**Figure 2**

### 3.3.1 Install Rain Gauge Debris Filter

Pre- installed to prevent debris from entering the rain gauge. As shown in Figure 3.

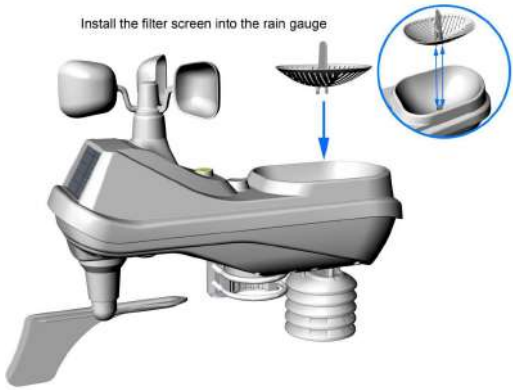



**Figure 3**

### 3.3.2 Insert batteries into the transmitter.

Locate the battery cover on the transmitter, push and open the batterycompartment, as shown in Figure 4.

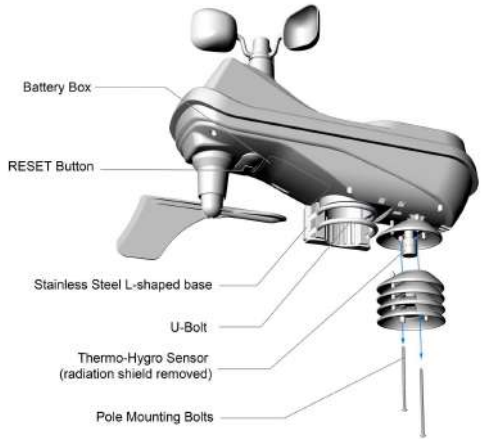



**Figure 4**

Remove the battery cover on the back of the sensor , as shown in Figure 5.




**Figure 5**

Inserting 3xAA batteries in the battery compartment, as shown in Figure 6. Then close the battery cover.



**Figure 6**

**Note:** Do not install the batteries backwards. You can permanently damage the sensors. The solar panel does not charge the batteries, so rechargeable batteries are not needed or recommended.

**Note:** We recommend installing Lithium AA batteries for sensors. The sensor LED indicator will light for 3 seconds, and then flash once per 16 seconds thereafter. Each time it flashes, the sensor is transmitting data.

Place the battery cover and push it to close the compartment.

**Note:** If the sensor does not power up after inserting the batteries, press the reset button shown in Figure 7.

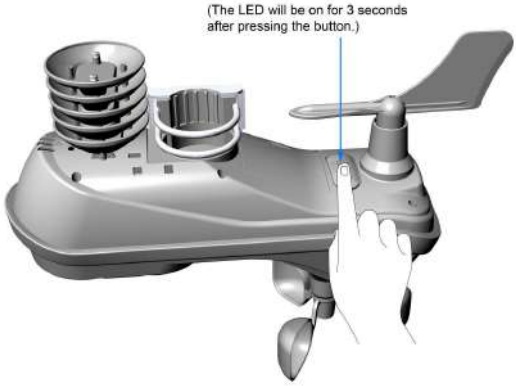



**Figure 7**

## 3.4 Display Console

### 3.4.1 Layout of Display Console

The following illustration shows display console features in normal mode as below :

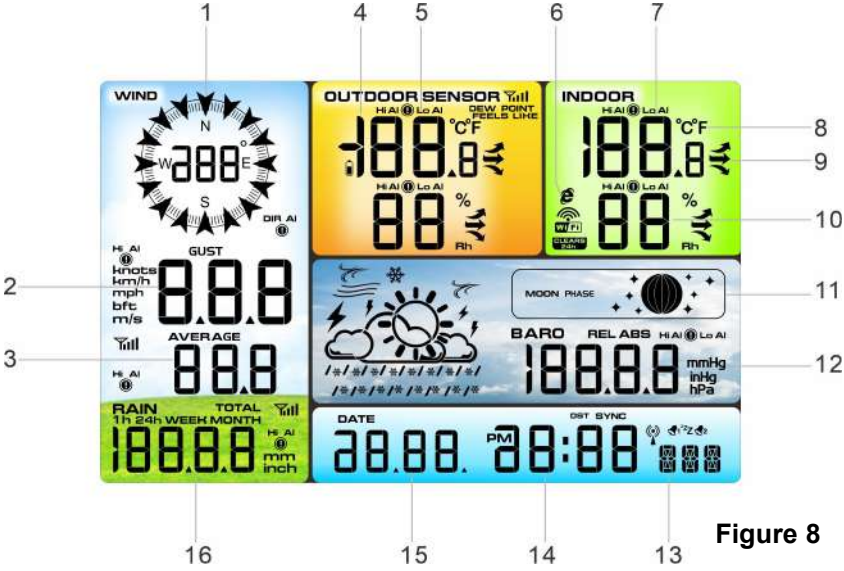



**Figure 8**

1. Wind direction icon
2. Wind gust display
3. Wind average display
4. Outdoor temperature display
5. Outdoor temp HI/LO alarm icon
6. WiFi network signal icon
7. Indoor temperature display
8. Temperature units (°F or °C)
9. Temperature rate of change icon
10. Indoor Humidity display
11. Moon Phase and Weather forecast icon
12. Pressure (REL and ABS)
13. Weeks and Seconds
14. Time display
15. Date or Year
16. Rainfall display (1h,24h,WEEK,MONTH, TOTAL)

### 3.4.2 Setup the Display Console

**1. Plug in the display console with power adapter. BL ON** will display in the time area for three seconds when powered up.

**Note:** It is recommended to plug in the power adapter to reduce the battery consumption and extend the service life.




**Figure 9**

### 2.Display Console Batteries Installation

Remove the battery door on the back of the display, as shown in Figure 10. Install three AAA (alkaline or lithium) batteries. The display will beep once and layout of display will light up for a few seconds to verify all segments are operating properly.



**Figure 10**

Recover the battery door, and unfold out the desk stand to place the console in the upright position

**Note:** The battery is a back-up of weather station console, saving console settings when powered off from adaptor.

### 3.4.3 Connect Sensors with Display Console

Once the display console is powered up, it will automatically scan all the nearby Integrated Outdoor sensors.

**Note:** Do not press any buttons until all the remote sensors report in the display screen, otherwise the display console will terminate to connect with remote sensors.

**Note:** While in the search mode, the remote search icon will be constantly displayed until all the measured values received. The console will automatically switch to the normal mode from which all further settings can be performed.

When connected with the Integrated Outdoor Sensor, the measured value (Outdoor temperature, humidity, wind speed, wind direction, wind gust and average, rainfall, Dew point and feels like) will show up on the display console.

**Note:** Make sure that the distance between weather station sensors and display console should be within 10ft (3m) to 100ft (30m). If the weather station sensors is too close or too far away, it may not receive a proper signal.

### 3.5 Sensor Operation Verification

The following steps verify proper operation of the sensors prior to installing the sensor array.

**1. Verify proper operation of the rain gauge.** Tip the Integrated outdoor sensor South and North( S and N molded on the body of the outdoor sensor) several times. You will heard a “ticking” sound within the rain gauge. Verify the rain reading on the display console is not reading 0.00. Each “ticking” represents 0.01 inch of rainfall.

**2. Verify proper operating of the wind speed.** Rotate the wind cups manually or with a constant speed fan. Verify the wind speed is not reading 0.0.

**3. Verify proper operation of in/outdoor temperature.** Verify the indoor and outdoor temperature match closely with the console and sensor array in the same location (about 5 to 10’ (1.5 to 3 meters) apart). The sensors should be within 4°F /2°C (the accuracy is ± 2°F/1°C). Allow about 30 minutes for both sensors to stabilize.

**4. Verify proper operation of in/outdoor humidity.** Verify the indoor and outdoor humidity. Verify the indoor and outdoor humidity match closely with the console and sensor array in the same location (about 5 to 10’ (1.5 to 3 meters) apart). The sensors should be within 10% (the accuracy is ± 5%). Allow about 30 minutes for both sensors to stabilize.

### 3.6 WiFi Setup Guide

For weather station models with WiFi function, you can start to set up wifi connection and weather data uploading. For details of this part, please refer to the separate “**WiFi Setup Guide**” Manual.

## 4. Sensors Pre-installation

### 4.1 Test the Sensors Before Installation

Recommend to operate and test the weather station for one week before installing it in the permanent location. In this period, you can check out all of the functions, ensure proper operation, and familiarize

with the professional weather station and calibration procedures. This will also allow you to test the wireless range of the weather station.

## 4.2 Site Survey Before Installation

Do a site survey before installing the weather station. Take the following points into Consider:

**1.** You must clean the rain gauge once per year and change the batteries every two years. Provide as easy access to the weather station.

**2.** Avoid radiant heat transfer from buildings and structures. In general, install the sensor array at least 5ft (1.5m) from any buildings, structure, ground, or roof top.

**3.** Avoid wind and rain obstructions. The rule of thumb is to install the sensor array at least four times the distance of the height of the tallest obstruction. For example, if the building is 20ft (6m) tall and the monting pole is 6ft (2m) tall, install 4 x (20 – 6)' = 56ft (17m) away. Use common sense. If the weather station is installed next to a tall building, the wind and rain will not be accurate.

**4.** Wireless Range. The radio communication between display console and transmitter in an open field can reach a distance of up to 330ft (100m), assume there are no interfering obstacles such as buildings, trees, vehicles, high voltage lines. Wireless radio signals will not penetrate metal buildings. Most wireless applications will only reach up to100ft (30m) due to building obstructions, walls and interference.

**5.** Radio interference such as PCs, radios or TV sets can, in the worst case, entirely cut off radio communication. Please take this into consideration when choosing display console or mounting locations.

## 4.3 Best Practices for Wireless Communication

Wireless communication is susceptible to other interference, such as distance, walls and metal barriers. We recommend the following best and useful practices for trouble-free wireless communication.

**1. Electro-Magnetic Interference (EMI)**. Keep the console several feet away from computer monitors and TVs.

**2. Radio Frequency Interference (RFI).** If you have other 433 MHz devices and communication is intermittent, try turning off these other devices for troubleshooting purposes. You may need to relocate the wireless transmitters or receivers to avoid intermittent communication.

**3. Line of Sight Rating.** This device is rated at 300ft line of sight (no interference, barriers or walls) but typically you will get 100ft maximum under most real-world installations, which include passing through barriers or walls.

**4. Metal Barriers.** Radio frequency will not pass through metal barriers such as aluminum siding. If you have metal siding, align the remote and console through a window to get a clear line of sight.

The following is a table of reception loss vs. the transmission medium. Each “wall”or obstruction decreases the transmission range by the factor shown below.

| Medium | RF Signal Strength Reduction |
|---|---|
| Glass (untreated) | 5-15% |
| Plastics | 10-15% |
| Wood | 10-40% |
| Brick | 10-40% |
| Concrete | 40-80% |
| Metal | 90-100% |

# 5. Final Installation of Sensors

## Integrated outdoor transmitter installation.

Professional Wireless Weather Station can be used in both the Northern and Southern Hemispheres.

Prior to installation,you will need to calibrate the wind direction.

## 5.1 Northern Hemispheres (NOR).

The cardinal directions (S) molded on the body of the outdoor sensor are indicators for the Northern Hemisphere only.

**Step 1:**There is a “S” indicator on the wind vane that indicates South, as shown in Figure 11. Align this “S” marker in the direction of South.




**Figure 11**

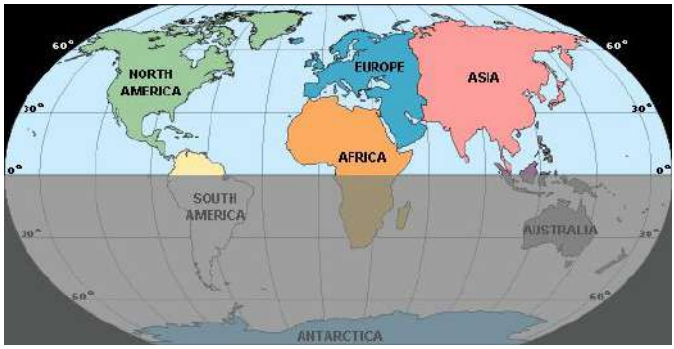
**Step 2:** Console operation is set to Northern Hemispheres ( **NOR** in the time area) in Location division.

**Note:** There is an alphabet letter of ”S” besides the wind direction, representing for the direction of South . Wind direction sensor has to be adjusted so that the directions on the sensor are matching with your real location. Permanent wind direction error will be introduced when the wind direction sensor is not positioned correctly during installation.




**Figure 12**

**Northern Hemispheres**




**Southern Hemispheres**

**Figure 13**

## 5.2 Southern Hemispheres (SOU).

For Southern Hemisphere installations, ignore these(N, S,) and face the solar panel to the North (and in a sunny position,This ensures the solar cell receives as much sun as possible and orients wind direction.) when installing the Integrated outdoor transmitter.

**Step 1**: Install the Integrated outdoor transmitter and face the solar panel North.

**Step 2:** Console operation is set to Southern Hemispheres ( **SOU** in the time area) in Location division.

**Note:** Console has to be location division setting so that the directions on the sensor are matching with your real location.

Permanent wind direction error（read approximately 180º）will be introduced when the wind direction sensor is not positioned correctly during installation.

First attach a pipe to a permanent structure and then attach the sensor package to it . The U-Bolts will accommodate a pipe diameter of 30-45mm (pipe not included), as shown in Figure 14.

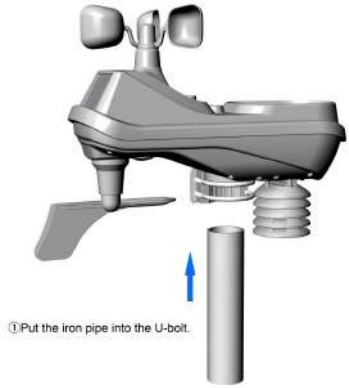



**Figure 14**

The washers are placed over a bolt before the nut is screwed on.

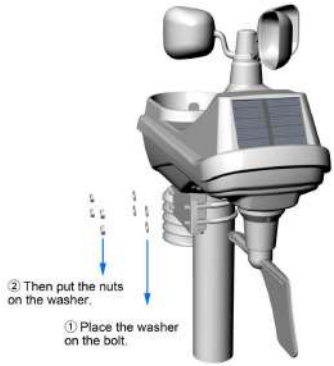



**Figure 15**

Tighten the mounting pole to your existing mounting pole with the two 5U-Bolts and M5 Nuts assembly, wrench tightens all four nuts, taking care to so evenly, as shown in Figure 16.

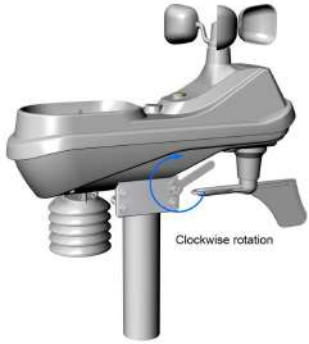



**Figure 16**

**Note:** Use the bubble level next to the rain sensor to make sure sensor array is completely level.If the sensor is not level,the rain gauge sensors will not measure properly.

# 6. Low Battery Icon

A low battery indicator icon is shown in the display window for integrated outdoor sensor.

When the low battery icon appears (The Integrated outdoor sensor battery voltage is lower than 3.6V), replace the batteries in the sensor with fresh batteries.

Be sure to never mix old and new batteries, and never mix battery types such as alkaline and lithium together.

# 7. Display Console Operation

## 7.1 Quick Display Mode

**Note:** The display console has five keys for easy operation: **MAX/MIN/-** key, **ALARM** key, **SET** key, **CHANNEL/+** and **SNOOZE/LIGHT** key.

**Note**: To exit the Quick Display Mode at any time, press the **SNOOZE/LIGHT** key of the display console.

While in Normal Mode, press (do not hold) the ***SET*** key to enter the Quick Display Mode as follows:

- once for time, time/week and second
- Twice for rainfall
- three for pressure
- four for outdoor temperature

**1. Time, Time/Week and Second.** Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to toggle between time, time/week and second.

**2. Rainfall.** Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to toggle between 1h, 24h, week, month and total.

To clear the total rain, press the ***CHANNEL/+*** or ***MAX/MIN/-*** button until total rain is displayed. The total rain will flash. Press and hold the ***SET*** button for five seconds until total rain reads 0.0.

**3. Absolute Pressure and Relative Pressure.** Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to toggle between absolute pressure and relative pressure.

**4. Outdoor Temperature.** Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to toggle between outdoor temp, dew point, and feels like.

## 7.2 Set (Program) Mode

While in Normal Mode, press and hold the ***SET*** key for at least three seconds to enter the Set Mode. The first setting will begin flashing. You can press the ***SET*** key again to skip any step, as defined below.

**Note:** In the Set mode, press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to change or scroll the setting value. Hold the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key for three seconds to increase/decrease rapidly.

**Note:** To exit the Set mode at any time, press the ***SNOOZE/LIGHT*** button of the display console.

**1. 12/24 Hour Format.** Press the ***SET*** key again to adjust the 12/24 hour format setting. Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to change between 12 hour and 24 hour format.

**2. Change Hour.** press the ***SET*** key again to set the hour. Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to adjust the hour up or down. During afternoon hours the PM icon will display.

**3. Change Minute.** Press the ***SET*** key again to set the minute. Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to adjust the minute up or down.

**4. Date Format.** Press the ***SET*** key again to enter the Day/Month format mode. Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to switch between M-D,D-M.

**5.Change Month.** Press the ***SET*** key again to set the calendar month. Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to adjust the calendar

month.

**6. Change Day.** Press the ***SET*** key again to set the calendar day. Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to adjust the calendar day.

**7. Change Year.** Press the ***SET*** key again to set the calendar year. Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to adjust the calendar year.

**8. Max/Min Clearing.** Press the ***SET*** key again to set the Max/Min clearing mode (CLR). The Max/Min can be programmed to clear daily (at midnight) or manually. Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to switch between ON (Clears 24h) and OFF (Manually).

**9. Temperature Units of Measure.** Press the ***SET*** key again to change the temperature units of measure. Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to switch between °F and °C units of measure.

**10. Wind Speed Units of Measure.** Press the ***SET*** key again to change the wind speed units of measure. Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to toggle the wind speed's units between m/s, km/h, mph, knots or bft.

**11. Rainfall Units of Measure**. Press the ***SET*** key again to change the Rainfall units of measure. Press ***CHANNEL/***+ key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to toggle the rainfall units between mm and inch.

**12. Barometric Pressure Display Units.** Press the ***SET*** key again to change the pressure units of measure. Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to toggle the pressure units between mmHg, inHg or hPa.

**13. Pressure Threshold Setting.** Press the ***SET*** key again to change the pressure threshold. Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to change pressure threshold 2 hPa to 4 hPa. (For detailed information of this part please refer to 10.5)

**14. Weather Icons Setting.** Press the ***SET*** key again to change the initial weather icon. Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to select the initial weather icon of Sunny, Cloudy, Partly Cloudy or Rainy. (For detailed information of this part please refer to 10.2)

**15. Time SYNC.** Press the ***SET*** key again to set the network time sync. Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to switch between SYNC time ON/OFF of measure. Synchronize the time of the device with WiFi.
**16. Location Division.** Press the ***SET*** key again to change the location division. Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to toggle the position of the earth Northern Hemisphere (NOR) or Southern Hemisphere (NOR). (Refer to 5.0 Final Installation of Sensors)

## 7.3 Sensor Search Mode

If Integrated Outdoor Transmitter data is lost, touch and hold the ***CHANNEL/+*** button for 3 seconds, the search icon will be displayed constantly for 3 minutes. Once the signal is reacquired, the remote search icon will turn off, and the current values will be displayed.

## 7.4 Max/Min Viewing and Reset Mode

### 7.4.1 Max Record Viewing and Reset

In normal mode, press (do not hold) the ***MAX/MIN/-*** key**,** the **MAX** icon will be displayed in date area.

Press the ***SET*** key to view max values of rainfall (1h, 24h, week or month), wind gust and average, pressure (ABS or REL), outdoor temperature and humidity (feels like or dew point) and indoor temperature and humidity

.

Press the ***MAX/MIN/-*** key for three seconds to clear all Max values.(Rainfall, wind speed, wind gust, pressure, temperature and humidity maximum values).

Press the ***SNOOZE/LIGHT*** key to exit the min/max checking and reset mode, return to normal display mode.

**Note:** The Maximum values will display the current values after reset.

### 7.4.2 Min Record Viewing and Reset

Press the ***MAX/MIN/-*** key again (do not hold), the **MIN** icon will be displayed. Press the ***SET*** key to view min values of pressure (ABS or REL), outdoor temperature and humidity (feels like or dew point), and indoor temperature and humidity.

Press the ***MAX/MIN/-*** key for three seconds to clear all Min values.(pressure, temperature and humidity minimum values).
Press the ***SNOOZE/LIGHT*** key to exit the min/max checking and reset mode, return to normal display mode.
**Note:** The Minimum values will display the current values after reset.

## 7.5 Snooze Mode

If the alarm sounds, and you wish to silence the alarm, press the ***SNOOZE/LIGHT*** key. The alarm icon will continue to flash and the alarm will silence for five minute.
Press any keys (***MAX/MIN/-, SET, ALARM, CHANNEL/+***) to permanently exit the *SNOOZE* mode.

## 7.6 Backlight Mode

### 7.6.1 Adjustable Brightness of Backlight

There are 3 levels of brightness of display backlight. When the backlight is on with adapter, press ***SNOOZE/LIGHT*** key to switch between the 3 levels.
In the brightest backlight of 3 levels, press the ***SNOOZE/LIGHT*** key to turn off the backlight.
When backlight is off with adapter, press the **SNOOZE/LIGHT** key and the backlight will turn on for 3 levels adjustable backlight.
**Note:** If the display console plugged into AC adapter power, the time area will display **BL ON** and the backlight will remain on. It is not recommended leaving the display backlight on for a long period of time when operating on batteries only, or the batteries will run out quickly.
**Note:** The backlight operation is different when operating on batteries to save power.

# 8. Alarm Mode

The weather station includes the following alarms:

- Time (Alarm 1 and Alarm 2)
- Outdoor Temperature
- Outdoor Humidity
- Outdoor Dew Point
- Outdoor Feels Like Temperature
- Wind Gust
- Wind Average
- Wind direction
- 1h Rainfall
- 24 Hour Rainfall
- Absolute Pressure
- Relative Pressure
- Indoor Temperature
- Indoor Humidity

## 8.1 Alarm Triggered

When an alarm condition is exceed, the alarm icon will flash (visual) and the alarm beeper will sound (audible). To silence the beeper, press any keys.

## 8.2 View High/Low Alarms Value

To view the current alarm settings, press the ***ALARM*** key to enter the alarm mode. HI AL 1 will be displayed in the date area. At the same time Alarm 1 time and HI alarm parameters of indoor temperature and humidity, outdoor temperature and humidity, 1h rainfall, wind gust, wind average, wind direction ,absolute pressure are displayed.

Press ***SET*** key to view Alarm 2 time and HI alarm parameters of indoor temperature and humidity, 24h rainfall, outdoor dew point, feels like and relative pressure.

Press ***ALARM*** key again to view the LOW alarms along with the alarm clock time in the same way as HI alarms.

Press ***ALARM*** key again to return to normal mode.

**Note:** Press the ***SNOOZE/LIGHT*** key at any time to return to the normal mode in HI/Low alarm mode.

## 8.3 Setting the Alarms

Press ***ALARM*** key to enter the alarm mode.

Press and hold the ***SET*** key for three seconds. The first alarm parameter will begin flashing (alarm hour).

To save the alarm setting and proceed to the next alarm parameter, Press (do not hold) the ***SET*** key.

To adjust the alarm parameter, press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to increase or decrease the alarm settings, or press and hold the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key for three seconds to increase or decrease the alarm settings rapidly.
Press the ***ALARM*** key to turn on (the alarm icon will appear ) and off the alarm.

Press the ***SNOOZE/LIGHT*** key twice at any time to return to the normal mode. After 30 seconds of inactivity, the alarm mode will time out and return to normal mode.

The following is a list of the individual alarm parameters that are set (in order):

1.Alarm hour(alarm 1)
2.Alarm minute(alarm 1)
3.Alarm hour(alarm 2)
4.Alarm minute(alarm 2)
5.Wind Gust HI alarm
6.Wind average HI alarm
7. Wind Direction Alarm
8.Outdoor temp HI alarm
9.Outdoor temp low alarm
10.Outdoor humidity HI alarm
11.Outdoor humidity low alarm
12.Outdoor feels like HI alarm
13.Outdoor feels like low alarm
14.Outdoor dew point HI alarm
15.Outdoor dew point low alarm
16.Rainfall (1h) HI alarm
17.Rainfall (24h) HI alarm
18.Absolute pressure HI alarm
19.Absolute pressure low alarm
20.Relative pressure HI alarm
21.Relative pressure low alarm
22.Indoor temperature HI alarm
23.Indoor temperature low alarm
24.Indoor humidity HI alarm
25.Indoor humidity low alarm

Note: To prevent repetitive temperature alarming, there is a 0.9 °F(0.5°C) tolerance band. For example, if you set the high alarm to 80.0°F(26.7°C) and silence the alarm, the alarm icon will continue to flash until the temperature falls below 79.1°F (26.2°C), at which point, the alarm will reset and must increase above 80.0°F(26.7°C) to activate again.

**Note:** To prevent repetitive alarming of humidity, there is a 4% tolerance band in humidity alarm. For example, if you set the high alarm to 60% and silence the alarm, the alarm icon will continue to flash until the humidity falls below 56%, at which point, the alarm will reset and must increase above 60% to activate again.

### 8.4 Alarm and Key Beeper ON/OFF

In normal mode, press and hold the ***ALARM*** key for three seconds to toggle the **BZ ON** (beeper on) or **BZ OFF** (beeper off) depending on the current setting.

Display console return to normal mode without any operation in three seconds.

## 9. Optional Calibration Mode

**Note:** The calibrated value can only be adjusted on the display console.The outdoor remote sensor(s) always displays the un-calibrated or measured value.

**Note:** The measured humidity range is between 10% and 99%. Humidity cannot be accurately measured outside of this range. Thus, the humidity cannot be calibrated below 10% or above 99%.

The purpose of calibration is to fine tune or correct for any sensor error associated with the devices margin of error. The measurement can be adjusted from the console to calibrate to a known source.

Calibration is only useful if you have a known calibrated source you can compare it against, and is optional. This section discusses practices, procedures and sources for sensor calibration to reduce manufacturing

and degradation errors. Do not compare your readings obtained from sources such as the internet, radio, television or newspapers. They are in a different location and typically update once per hour.

The purpose of your weather station is to measure conditions of your surroundings, which vary significantly from location to location.

## 9.1 Calibration of Temperature Mode

In normal mode, press and hold the ***SET*** and ***CHANNEL/+*** keys at the same time for five seconds to enter the temp calibration mode. The indoor temperature will begin flashing.

Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to increase or decrease the temperature reading (in increments of 0.1). Press and hold the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key for three seconds to increase or decrease rapidly.
Press the ***ALARM*** key to reset current value.
Press the ***SET*** key switch to outdoor temp calibration mode.
To exit the temperature calibration mode at any time, press the ***SNOOZE/LIGHT*** or ***SET*** button. If no operation is performed, the calibration mode will timeout in 30 seconds.

## 9.2 Calibration of Humidity Mode

In normal mode, press and hold the ***SET*** and ***MAX/MIN/-*** keys at the same time for five seconds to enter into the humidity calibration mode. The indoor humidity will begin flashing.
Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to increase or decrease the humidity reading (in increments of 1%). Press and hold the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key for three seconds to increase or decrease rapidly.
Press the ***ALARM*** key to reset current value.
Press the ***SET*** key switch to outdoor humidity calibration mode.

To exit the humidity calibration mode at any time, press the

***SNOOZE/LIGHT*** or ***SET*** button . If no operation is performed, the calibration mode will timeout in 30 seconds.

**Note:** The Humidity is a difficult parameter to measure accurately and drifts over time. The calibration feature allows you to zero out this error. To calibrate humidity, you will need an accurate source, such as a sling psychrometer or Humidipaks One Step Calibration kit.

## 9.3 Calibration of Sensors Mode

In normal mode, press and hold the ***SET*** and ***ALARM*** keys at the same time for five seconds to enter the pressure, wind gust, rainfall calibration mode. The letter “CAL” will appear at the bottom of the screen.

Press the ***SET*** key to skip over a parameter to the next.

- **Absolute Pressure Calibration**

In the calibration mode, the “ABS” symbol will display at the pressure section, the absolute pressure value will flash. (The default value is 0.00 inHg)

Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to increase or decrease the absolute pressure value (in increments of 0.01 inHg).

Press and hold the ***CHANNEL/+*** or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key for three seconds to increase or decrease rapidly.

Press the ***ALARM*** key to reset current value.

**Example**: The calibrated pressure sources measure 28.37 inHg. The display console pressure reads 28.75 inHg.

Offset = 28.37 - 28.75 = - 0.38 inHg

- **Relative Pressure Calibration**

In the calibration mode, press the ***SET*** key again, the “REL” symbol will display at the pressure section, the relative pressure value will flash. (The default value is 0.00 inHg)

Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to increase or decrease the relative pressure value (in increments of 0.01 inHg).

Press and hold the ***CHANNEL/+*** or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key for three seconds to increase or decrease rapidly.

Press the ***ALARM*** key to reset current value.

**Example**: The calibrated pressure sources measure 25.00 inHg. The display console pressure reads 24.85 inHg.
Offset = 25.00 - 24.85 = 0.15 inHg

**Note:** The display console displays two different pressures: absolute (measured) and relative (corrected to sea-level).

To compare pressure conditions from one location to another, meteorologists correct the pressure to sea-level conditions. Because the air pressure decreases as you rise in altitude, the sea-level corrected pressure (the pressure your location would be at if located at sea-level) is generally higher than your measured pressure.

Thus, your absolute pressure may read 28.62 inHg (969 mb) at an altitude of 1000 feet (305 m), but the relative pressure is 30.00 inHg (1016 mb).

The standard sea-level pressure is 29.92 in Hg (1013.2hpa). This is the average sea-level pressure around the world. Relative pressure measurements greater than 29.92 inHg (1013.2hpa) are considered high pressure and relative pressure measurements less than 29.92 inHg are considered low pressure.

To determine the relative pressure for your location, locate an official reporting station near from you (the internet is the best source for real-time barometer conditions, such as the website of Weather.com or Wunderground.com), and set your weather station to match the official reporting station.

- **Wind Speed Calibration**

In the calibration mode, press the ***SET*** button again and the wind speed value will flash (the default is 1.00).

Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to adjust the wind speed calibration factor from 0.75 to 1.25, where:

Calibrated Wind Speed = Calibration factor x Measured Wind Speed

Press and hold the ***CHANNEL/+*** or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key for three seconds to increase or decrease rapidly.

Press the ***ALARM*** key to reset current value.

**Note:** The wind gust is also affected by the wind speed calibration factor.

**Discussion**: Wind speed and wind gust are adversely affected by installation constraints. The rule of thumb is to install the weather station four times the distance of the height of the tallest obstruction (for example, a house with 6m height would require an installation 24 m away).

In many instances, due to trees and other obstructions, this is not possible. The wind speed calibration allows you to correct for these obstructions.

In addition to installation challenges, wind speed bearings (any moving part) wears over time. To correct for wear, the correction value can be increased until the wind cups must be replaced.

Without a calibrated source, wind speed is a difficult parameter to measure. We recommend using a calibrated wind meter and constant, high speed fan.

◆ **Rain Calibration**

In the calibration mode, press the ***SET*** button again and the rain value will flash (the default is 1.00).

Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to adjust the rain calibration factor from 0.75 to 1.25, where:

Calibrated Rain = Calibration factor x Measured Rain

Press and hold the ***CHANNEL/+*** or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key for three seconds to increase or decrease rapidly.

Press the ***ALARM*** key to reset current value.

**Discussion**: The rain collector is calibrated at the factory based on the funnel diameter. The bucket tips every 0.01” of rain (referred to as resolution). The accumulated rainfall can be compared to a sight glass rain gauge with an aperture of at least 4”.

**Note:** that debris and insects can collect inside the tipping mechanism (they make a good spiders nest). Carefully remove the filter and inspect the tipping mechanism for debris prior to calibration.

To exit the Sensor calibration mode at any time, press the **SNOOZE/LIGHT** button on the display console. If no operation is performed, the calibration mode will timeout in 30 seconds.

# 10.Other Features of Display Console

## 10.1 Weather Forecasting

**Note:** The weather forecast or pressure tendency is based on the rate of change of barometric pressure. In general, when the pressure increases, the weather improves (sunny to partly cloudy) and when the pressure decreases, the weather degrades (cloudy to rain).

The weather forecast is an estimation or generalization of weather changes in the next 24 to 48 hours, and varies from location to location. The tendency is simply a tool for projecting weather changing conditions and is never to be relied upon as an accurate method to predict the weather.

## 10.2 Weather Icons

| Condition | Icon | Description |
|---|---|---|
| Sunny |  | Pressure is rising and the previous condition is partly cloudy. |
| Partly Cloudy |  | Pressure is falling and the previous condition is sunny or Pressure is rising and the previous condition is cloudy |
| Cloudy |  | Pressure is falling and the previous condition is partly cloudy or Pressure is rising and the previous condition is rainy. |

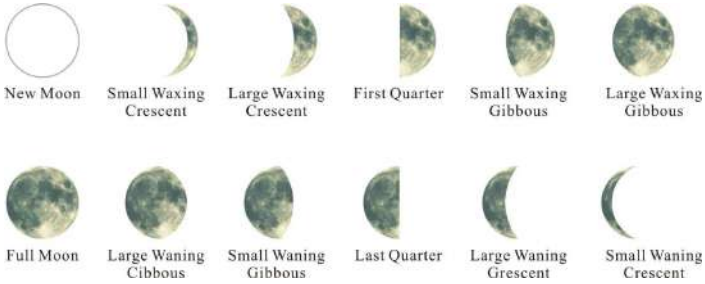
| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Rainy |  | Pressure is falling and the previous condition is cloudy （snowy icon will display on rainy day and outdoor temperature below 0℃） |

## 10.3 Rate of Change Icon

The rate of change icon indicates if the temperature and humidity are increasing, decreasing or steady, as shown in . If the arrow points upward, the temperature is increasing at a rate of +2°F per 30 minutes (or greater), or humidity is increasing at a rate of +5% per 30 minutes (or greater). If the arrow points downward, the temperature is decreasing at a rate of -2°F per 30 minutes (or less), or humidity is decreasing at a rate of -5% per 30 minutes (or less).

## 10.4 Moon Phase

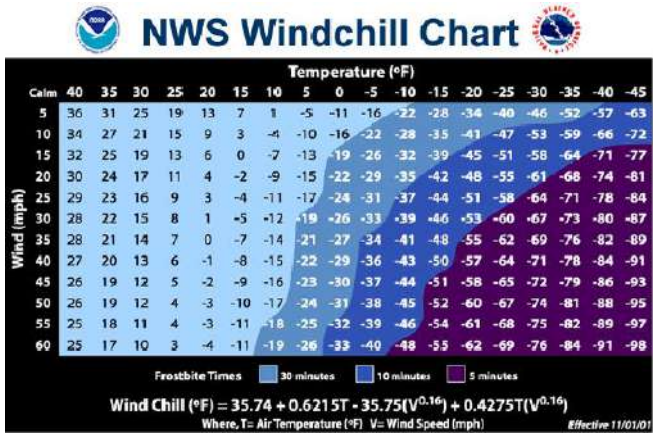
The following moon phases are displayed based on the calendar date.



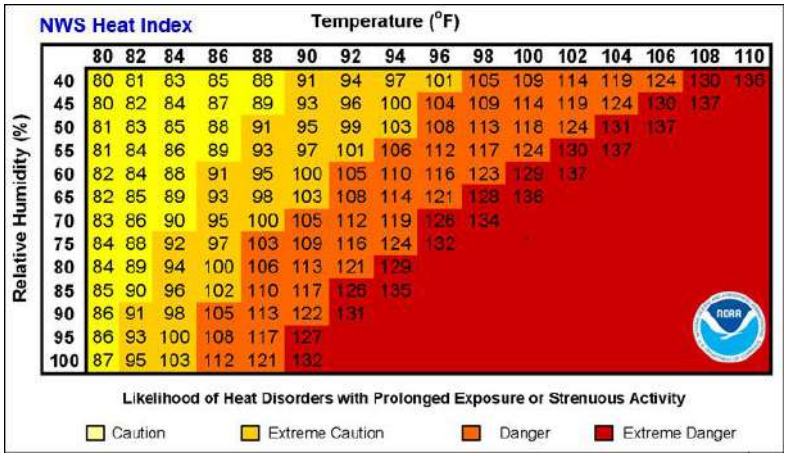

## 10.5 Feels Like Temperature

Feels like temperature is a combination of Heat Index and Wind Chill.

**1.** Temperatures less than 4.4°C(40°F), the wind chill is displayed, as shown in the National Weather Service Wind Chill Table below:




**2.** Temperatures greater than 26.7°C(80°F), the heat index is displayed, as shown in the National Weather Service Heat Index Table below:




## 10.6 Pressure Threshold Setting

The pressure threshold (the negative or positive rate of change of pressure signifying a change in the weather) can be adjusted from 2 hPa to 4 hPa (default level 2 hPa).

The lower the level pressure threshold setting, the higher sensitivity for weather forecast changes. Locations that experience frequent changes in air pressure require a higher setting compared to locations where the air pressure is typically stagnant.

### 10.7 Restore Factory Default

To reset the display console to factory default (WiFi network, Weather server and display), press the ***MAX/MIN/- key*** while plugging in power adaptor at the same time (Take out batteries before starting the reset operation).

## 11.Maintenance

Clean the rain gauge of Integrated Outdoor Transmitter once every 3 months.

### 11.1 Clean the rain collector

**1.** Clean the rain gauge of Integrated Outdoor Transmitter once every 3 months.

- Gently remove the Debris Filter from the rain collector.
- Clean and remove any debris or insects.
- Install the debris filter after it has been cleaned and completely dried.

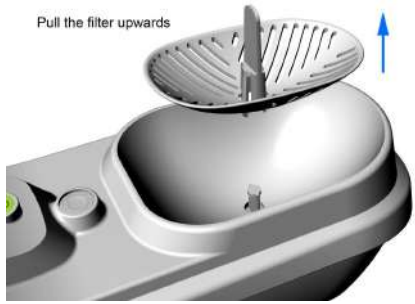



**Figure 17**

**2.** Replace the Integrated Outdoor Transmitter batteries once every 1-2 years.

### 11.2 Replace or Clean the thermo-hygrometer sensor

Replace or Clean the thermo-hygrometer sensor of Integrated Outdoor Transmitter.

**1)** Unscrew and remove the 2 screws at the bottom of the radiation shield.

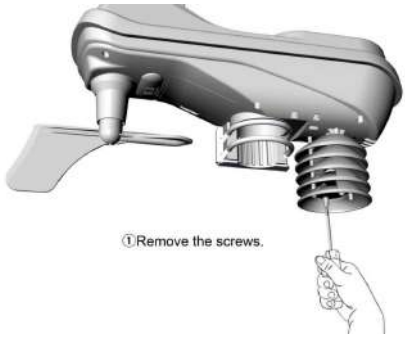



**Figure 18**

**2)** Gently remove the four shields（The top shield does not need to be removed）

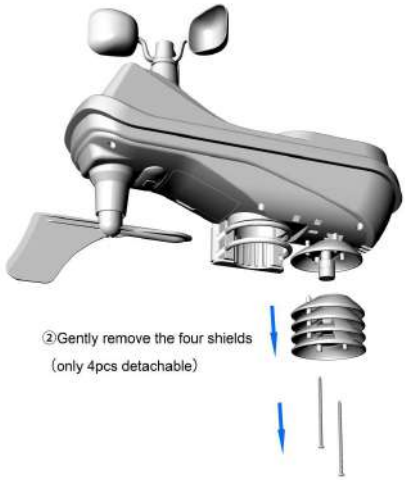



**Figure 19**

**3)** Carefully remove any dirt or insects on the sensor,or Carefully remove the old TH sensor and replace the new one(do not let the sensors inside get wet，Do not identify the direction of the sensor, but pay attention to that it must be installed in place, and the black waterproof ring just fits with the upper part.).

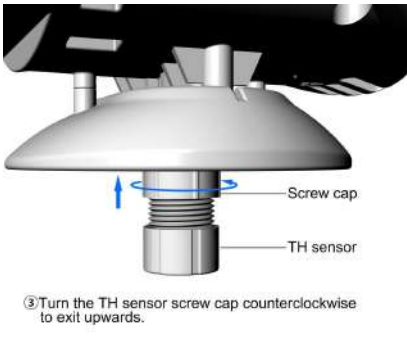






**Figure 20** **Figure 21**

**4)** Clean the shield with water to remove any insects or dirt.
Reinstall parts after fully cleaned or replace(The parts must identify the direction with symbol,otherwise the installation will not be successful).




**Figure 22**

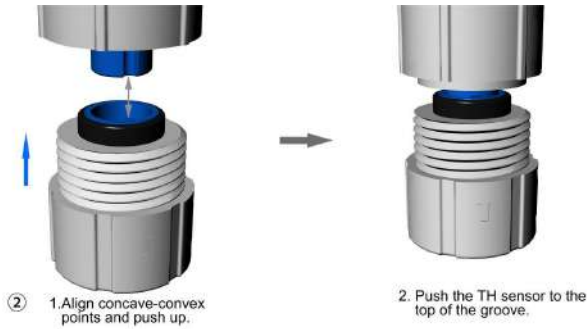
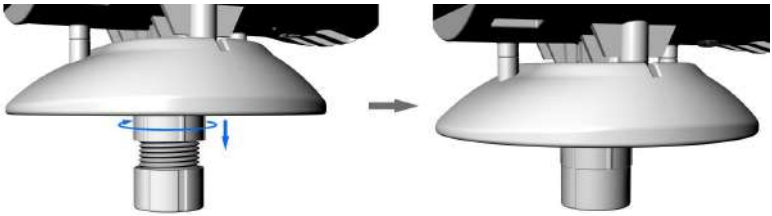



**Figure 23**



③Turn the screw cap down and clockwise until it is tightened.

**Figure 24**

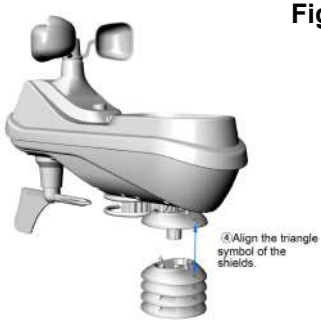



**Figure 25**




**Figure 26**

# 12. Trouble Shooting Guide

| Problem | Solution |
|---|---|
| Wireless remote not reporting in to console.<br><br>There are dashes (--.-) on the display console. | If any of the sensor communication is lost, dashes (--.-) will be displayed on the screen. To reacquire the signal, press and hold the **CHANNEL/+** button for 3 seconds, choose the lost sensor and the remote search icon will be constantly displayed. Once the signal is reacquired, the remote search icon will turn off, and the current values will be displayed.<br><br>The maximum line of sight communication range is 100m(330ft) and 30m(100ft) under most conditions. Move the sensor assembly closer to the display console.<br><br>If the sensor assembly is too close (less than 1.5m/5ft), move the sensor assembly away from the display console. |

| | |
|---|---|
| | Install a fresh set of batteries in the remote sensor. For cold weather environments, install lithium batteries.<br><br>Make sure the remote sensors are not transmitting through solid metal (acts as an RF shield), or earth barrier (down a hill).<br><br>Move the display console around electrical noise generating devices, such as computers, TVs and other wireless transmitters or receivers.<br><br>Move the remote sensor to a higher location.<br>Move the remote sensor to a closer location. |
| Indoor and Outdoor Temperature do not agree | Allow up to one hour for the sensors to stabilize due to signal filtering. The indoor and outdoor temperature sensors should agree within 2°C/4°F) (the sensor accuracy is ± 1°C/2°F)).<br><br>Use the calibration feature to match the indoor and outdoor temperature to a known source. |
| Indoor and Outdoor Humidity do not agree | Allow up to one hour for the sensors to stabilize due to signal filtering. The indoor and outdoor humidity sensors should agree within 10 % (the sensor accuracy is ± 5 %).<br><br>Use the calibration feature to match the indoor and outdoor humidity to a known source. |
| Display console contrast is weak | Replace console batteries with a fresh set of batteries. |

# 13. Specifications

## 13.1 Measurement Specifications

The following table provides specifications for the measured parameters.

| Measurement | Range | Accuracy | Resolution |
|---|---|---|---|
| Indoor Temperature | 0 to 60 °C (32 to 140°F) | ± 1 °C (± 2°F) | 0.1 °C(°F) |
| Outdoor Temperature | -40 to 60 °C (-40 to 140°F) | ± 1 °C (± 2°F)) | 0.1 °C(°F) |
| Indoor Humidity | 10 to 99 % | ± 5% (only guaranteed between 20 to 90%) | 1 % |
| Outdoor Humidity | 10 to 99% | ± 5% (only guaranteed between 20 to 90%) | 1 % |
| Rain | 0 to 9999mm | <15mm: ±1 mm, 15mm to 9999mm: ±7% | <1000mm (0.3mm) >1000mm (1mm) |
| Wind Direction | 0 - 360º | ± 10º (8point compass) | ± 1º (8point compass) |
| Wind Speed | 0 to 50 m/s | 2 m/s ~10 m/s:±0.3m/s, 10m/s ~50 m/s: ±10% (whichever is greater) | 0.1 m/s |
| Barometric Pressure: | 300 to 1100 hpa | ± 3 hpa | 0.1 hpa |

## 13.2 Wireless Specifications

| | |
|---|---|
| Wireless Transmit Range (in open air): | 330ft (100m) |
| Frequency: | 433MHz |
| Integrated Outdoor Sensor Data Update Period: | 16s |

## 13.3 Power Consumption

| | |
|---|---|
| Display Console | 3 x AAA 1.5V Alkaline or Lithium batteries (not included) |
| Integrated Outdoor Sensor: | 3xAA alkaline batteries or Lithium batteries (not included), the batteries provide backup power when there is limited solar energy.<br><br>**Note**: Solar panel doesn't charge the battery and it is an auxiliary power supply |
| Adapter: | 5.9V~500mA(included) |
| Battery life: | Minimum 12 months for sensors (use lithium batteries in cold weather climates less than -20°C(-4°F). |